## **EPA Official Record**

Notes ID: 35A9DC9FFD3866BF8525753D005B01AC From: "Davis, Richard" < richardda@state.pa.us>

To: John Lovell/R3/USEPA/US@EPA

Copy To:

**Delivered Date:** 1/13/2009 11:33:26 AM **Subject:** RE: Perfluoractanoic Acid (PFOA)

John

Your ability to come up with answers to difficult questions quickly is always refreshing. Thank you John.

Byron

----Original Message----

From: Lovell.John@epamail.epa.gov [mailto:Lovell.John@epamail.epa.gov]

Sent: Tuesday, January 13, 2009 11:11 AM

To: Davis, Richard

Cc: MacKnight.Evelyn@epamail.epa.gov; Ottinger.Elizabeth@epamail.epa.gov

Subject: RE: Perfluoractanoic Acid (PFOA)

I talked to the person in charge of our drinking water enforcement branch and she talked about detection levels of 0.001 ppb. There apparently is an approved drinking water method, but my impression is that there are not a lot of labs that do the analysis. She mentioned MPI Research in State College, Severn Trent (she wasn't sure where that one was located but she thought out west), and Test America in Denver.

John Lovell

Pretreatment Coordinator EPA Region 3

1650 Arch Street

Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029

215-814-5790

215-814-2302 (fax)

"Davis, Richard" <richardda@state .pa.us> To

John Lovell/R3/USEPA/US@EPA 01/12/2009 10:44 cc AM

Subject

RE: Perfluoractanoic

Acid (PFOA)

John

Do you have anybody done there who might be able to answer the question how low a concentration of PFOA can be measured? I tried two commercial laboratories that I am familiar with and because they have never run it, they can't answer the question. I am concerned because if we are asked for a direct discharge limit and that limit is so low it can't be measured, I think I would like to know that from the git-go. Thanks, Byron

----Original Message----

From: Lovell.John@epamail.epa.gov [mailto:Lovell.John@epamail.epa.gov]

Sent: Friday, January 09, 2009 2:26 PM

To: Davis, Richard

Subject: Re: Perfluoractanoic Acid (PFOA)

To be honest, I don't know that much about it either, although I can forward a couple of e-mails that I sent to Deb Hoag at Reading. I'm still looking into it a bit as

well.

John Lovell Pretreatment Coordinator EPA Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103-2029 215-814-5790 215-814-2302 (fax)

> "Davis, Richard" <richardda@state .pa.us> To

> > John Lovell/R3/USEPA/US@EPA 01/09/2009 01:54 cc PM

Subject Perfluoractanoic Acid

(PFOA)

Hi John

I have been asked to attend a meeting next Thursday with a manufacturer and representatives of a POTW that has an industrial waste pretreatment program. The manufacturer wants to discuss "any possible issues" concerning their discharge that would contain PFOA. Quite frankly, I had never heard of PFOA before this request. The only information I have was taken from a email from the manufacturer's consultant to someone in our community relations department and is as follows: Perfluoroactanoic (PFOA) is a fluorosurfactant used in an etching process. PFOA is a precursor of FSO-100 and has been subject of numerous studies linking low level exposure to PFOA and increased risk of cancer to animals. In 2006, DuPont and EPA entered into a voluntary Stewardship Program to significantly reduce emissions of PFOA by 2010 and completely eliminate the manufacture and purchase or use by 2015. Apparently (per the email) PFOA and its derivatives and precursors are not specifically regulated by the EPA; however, some state and local regulatory jurisdictions have PFOA on their radar (that's cryptic). Regulations may follow or already exist (again per the email). Have you ever heard of PFOA? How would the introduction of this chemical affect a IWPP? Are you aware of any limits for either direct discharge or pretreatment limits? Anything would help John.

Thanks again, Byron
R Byron Davis | Permit Engineer
Department of Environmental Protection
Southcentral Region
909 Elmerton Avenue | Harrisburg, PA 17110
Phone: 717.705.4824 | Fax: 717.705.4760
www.depweb.state.pa.us